

Rep. Monique D. Davis

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1 AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 1195 2 AMENDMENT NO. . Amend House Bill 1195, AS AMENDED, by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the 3 4 following: "Section 5. The Illinois Police Training Act is amended by 5 6 changing Section 2 and by adding Section 10.12 as follows: 7 (50 ILCS 705/2) (from Ch. 85, par. 502) Sec. 2. Definitions. As used in this Act, unless the 8 context otherwise requires: 9 "Board" means the Illinois Law Enforcement Training 10 Standards Board. 11 "Local governmental agency" means any local governmental 12 unit or municipal corporation in this State. It does not 13 include the State of Illinois or any office, officer, 14 15 department, division, bureau, board, commission, or agency of

the State, except that it does include a State-controlled

1 university, college or public community college.

"Police training school" means any school located within the State of Illinois whether privately or publicly owned which offers a course in police or county corrections training and has been approved by the Board.

"Probationary police officer" means a recruit law enforcement officer required to successfully complete initial minimum basic training requirements at a police training school to be eligible for permanent full-time employment as a local law enforcement officer.

"Probationary part-time police officer" means a recruit part-time law enforcement officer required to successfully complete initial minimum part-time training requirements to be eligible for employment on a part-time basis as a local law enforcement officer.

"Permanent police officer" means a law enforcement officer who has completed his or her probationary period and is permanently employed on a full-time basis as a local law enforcement officer by a participating local governmental unit or as a security officer or campus policeman permanently employed by a participating State-controlled university, college, or public community college.

"Part-time police officer" means a law enforcement officer who has completed his or her probationary period and is employed on a part-time basis as a law enforcement officer by a participating unit of local government or as a campus policeman

by a participating State-controlled university, college, or
public community college.

"Law enforcement officer" means (i) any police officer of a local governmental agency who is primarily responsible for prevention or detection of crime and the enforcement of the criminal code, traffic, or highway laws of this State or any political subdivision of this State or (ii) any member of a police force appointed and maintained as provided in Section 2 of the Railroad Police Act.

"Recruit" means any full-time or part-time law enforcement officer or full-time county corrections officer who is enrolled in an approved training course.

"Probationary county corrections officer" means a recruit county corrections officer required to successfully complete initial minimum basic training requirements at a police training school to be eligible for permanent employment on a full-time basis as a county corrections officer.

"Permanent county corrections officer" means a county corrections officer who has completed his probationary period and is permanently employed on a full-time basis as a county corrections officer by a participating local governmental unit.

"County corrections officer" means any sworn officer of the sheriff who is primarily responsible for the control and custody of offenders, detainees or inmates.

"Probationary court security officer" means a recruit

- 1 court security officer required to successfully complete
- initial minimum basic training requirements at a designated 2
- training school to be eligible for employment as a court 3
- 4 security officer.
- 5 "Permanent court security officer" means a court security
- 6 officer who has completed his or her probationary period and is
- employed as a court security officer by a participating local 7
- 8 governmental unit.
- 9 "Court security officer" has the meaning ascribed to it in
- 10 Section 3-6012.1 of the Counties Code.
- 11 "Police animal" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section
- 2.17b of the Animal Control Act. 12
- 13 (Source: P.A. 94-846, eff. 1-1-07.)
- 14 (50 ILCS 705/10.12 new)
- 15 Sec. 10.12. Police animal training standards. Beginning
- July 1, 2012, all police animals used by State and local law 16
- enforcement agencies shall be trained by programs that meet the 17
- 18 minimum certification requirements set by the Board.
- Section 10. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by 19
- 20 changing Section 11-212 as follows:
- 21 (625 ILCS 5/11-212)
- 22 (Section scheduled to be repealed on July 1, 2015)
- 23 Sec. 11-212. Traffic stop statistical study.

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(a)	Whenever	a	State	or	local	law	enfo	rcemen	t o	ffic	er
issues	a uniform	tra	ffic	citat	cion o	r war	ning	citati	on f	for	an
alleged	violation	of	the I	llino	is Veh	icle	Code,	he or	she	sha	.11
record a	at least th	ne fo	ollow	ina:							

- (1) the name, address, gender, and the officer's subjective determination of the race of the person stopped; the person's race shall be selected from the following list: Caucasian, African-American, Hispanic, Native American/Alaska Native, or Asian/Pacific Islander;
- (2) the alleged traffic violation that led to the stop of the motorist;
 - (3) the make and year of the vehicle stopped;
- (4) the date and time of the stop, beginning when the vehicle was stopped and ending when the driver is free to leave or taken into physical custody;
 - (5) the location of the traffic stop;
- (5.5) whether or not a consent search contemporaneous to the stop was requested of the vehicle, driver, passenger, or passengers; and, if so, whether consent was given or denied;
- (6) whether or not a search contemporaneous to the stop was conducted of the vehicle, driver, passenger, or passengers; and, if so, whether it was with consent or by other means;
- (6.2) whether or not a police dog performed a sniff of the vehicle; and, if so, whether or not the dog alerted to

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1	the presence of contraband; and, if so, whether or not an
2	officer searched the vehicle; and, if so, whether or not
3	contraband was discovered; and, if so, the type and amount
4	of contraband;
5	(6.5) whether or not contraband was found during a

- (6.5) whether or not contraband was found during a search; and, if so, the type and amount of contraband seized; and
 - (7) the name and badge number of the issuing officer.
- (b) Whenever a State or local law enforcement officer stops a motorist for an alleged violation of the Illinois Vehicle Code and does not issue a uniform traffic citation or warning citation for an alleged violation of the Illinois Vehicle Code, he or she shall complete a uniform stop card, which includes field contact cards, or any other existing form currently used by law enforcement containing information required pursuant to this Act, that records at least the following:
 - (1) the name, address, gender, and the officer's subjective determination of the race of the person stopped; the person's race shall be selected from the following list: Caucasian, African-American, Hispanic, Native American/Alaska Native, or Asian/Pacific Islander;
 - (2) the reason that led to the stop of the motorist;
 - (3) the make and year of the vehicle stopped;
 - (4) the date and time of the stop, beginning when the vehicle was stopped and ending when the driver is free to leave or taken into physical custody;

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1	(5)	the	location	of	t.he	traffic	st.op;

- (5.5) whether or not a consent search contemporaneous to the stop was requested of the vehicle, driver, passenger, or passengers; and, if so, whether consent was given or denied;
- (6) whether or not a search contemporaneous to the stop was conducted of the vehicle, driver, passenger, or passengers; and, if so, whether it was with consent or by other means;
- (6.2) whether or not a police dog performed a sniff of the vehicle; and, if so, whether or not the dog alerted to the presence of contraband; and, if so, whether or not an officer searched the vehicle; and, if so, whether or not contraband was discovered; and, if so, the type and amount of contraband;
- (6.5) whether or not contraband was found during a search; and, if so, the type and amount of contraband seized; and
 - (7) the name and badge number of the issuing officer.
- (c) The Illinois Department of Transportation shall provide a standardized law enforcement data compilation form on its website.
- (d) Every law enforcement agency shall, by March 1 with regard to data collected during July through December of the previous calendar year and by August 1 with regard to data collected during January through June of the current calendar

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- year, compile the data described in subsections (a) and (b) on the standardized law enforcement data compilation form provided by the Illinois Department of Transportation and transmit the data to the Department.
 - The Illinois Department of Transportation analyze the data provided by law enforcement agencies required by this Section and submit a report of the previous year's findings to the Governor, the General Assembly, the Racial Profiling Prevention and Data Oversight Board, and each law enforcement agency no later than July 1 of each year. The Illinois Department of Transportation may contract with an outside entity for the analysis of the data provided. In analyzing the data collected under this Section, the analyzing entity shall scrutinize the data for evidence of statistically significant aberrations. The following list, which illustrative, and not exclusive, contains examples of areas in which statistically significant aberrations may be found:
 - (1) The percentage of minority drivers or passengers being stopped in a given area is substantially higher than the proportion of the overall population in or traveling through the area that the minority constitutes.
 - (2) A substantial number of false stops including stops not resulting in the issuance of a traffic ticket or the making of an arrest.
 - (3) A disparity between the proportion of citations issued to minorities and proportion of minorities in the

1 population.

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- (4) A disparity among the officers of the same law enforcement agency with regard to the number of minority drivers or passengers being stopped in a given area.
 - (5) A disparity between the frequency of searches performed on minority drivers and the frequency of searches performed on non-minority drivers.
- (f) Any law enforcement officer identification information 8 9 or driver identification information that is compiled by any 10 enforcement agency or the Illinois Department 11 Transportation pursuant to this Act for the purposes of fulfilling the requirements of this Section 12 13 confidential and exempt from public inspection and copying, as provided under Section 7 of the Freedom of Information Act, and 14 15 the information shall not be transmitted to anyone except as 16 needed to comply with this Section. This Section shall not exempt those materials that, prior to the effective date of 17 this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly, were 18 19 available under the Freedom of Information Act. This subsection 20 (f) shall not preclude law enforcement agencies from reviewing 2.1 data to perform internal reviews.
 - (g) Funding to implement this Section shall come from federal highway safety funds available to Illinois, as directed by the Governor.
- 25 (h) The Illinois Department of Transportation, in 26 consultation with law enforcement agencies, officials, and

- organizations, including Illinois chiefs of police, 1
- Department of State Police, the Illinois Sheriffs Association, 2
- and the Chicago Police Department, and community groups and 3
- 4 other experts, shall undertake a study to determine the best
- 5 use of technology to collect, compile, and analyze the traffic
- stop statistical study data required by this Section. The 6
- 7 Department shall report its findings and recommendations to the
- Governor and the General Assembly by March 1, 2004. 8
- 9 (i) This Section is repealed on July 1, 2015.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 95-290, eff. 8-20-07; 96-658, eff. 1-1-10.)
- 11 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect July 1,
- 2012.". 12